

- Association founded 1933
- Affiliated to FIFA in 1956



Flag



Association emblem



World map



Football in Malaysia

Football is unquestionably the number one sport in Malaysia, a country that has a long history of international footballing activity: qualification for the 1972 Olympic Games in Munich; third place at the final competition of the 1974 Asian Cup of Nations in Iran; winners of the Merdeka tournament in 1974, defeating Korea Republic in the final; winners of the Merdeka tournament in 1976, overcoming Japan in the final. Malaysia also qualified for the 1980 Olympic Football Tournament in Moscow, and as the host nation of the 1997 FIFA World Youth Championship, the Malaysian youngsters also graced the tournament. Players such as Dato' M. Chandran (1972 Olympics) and Dato' Soh Chin Aun (1980 Olympics), among others, with Zainal Abidin Hassan perhaps the most famous name in Europe, were the stars of Malaysian football's finest hours.

The first Goal Project

Approved by the Goal Bureau on 17 February 2004, Malaysia's project focuses upon the laying of a floodlit artificial pitch within the grounds of the association's football academy in Kuala Lumpur. These facilities will provide a much-needed boost, mainly to young players who will be able to play football all-year round as well as after sunset. Funded by donations from Goal, the FIFA Financial Assistance Programme and the association's own resources, the complex was opened by FIFA President Joseph S. Blatter on 6 May 2007.



Financing of Goal project

Project

Floodlit artificial pitch in Kuala Lumpur

Project approved

17 February 2004

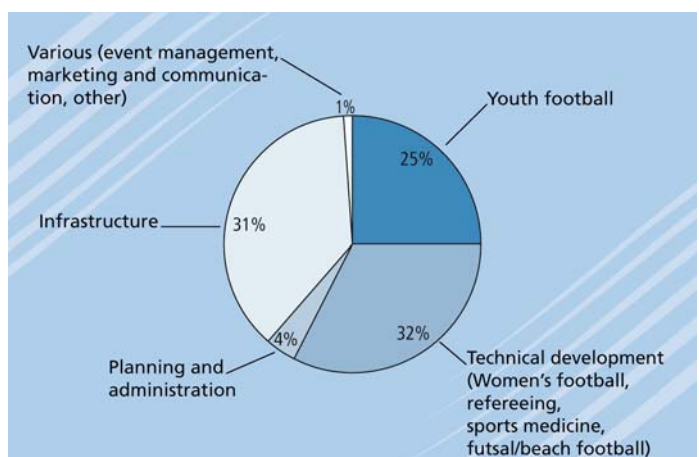
Status

Opened on 6 May 2007

Financed by

Goal	USD	400,000
FAP	USD	247,884
Association	USD	300 000
Total cost	USD	947,884

Use of FAP funds



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Second Goal project

On 3 December 2006, the Goal Bureau approved the installation of an artificial turf pitch with floodlights in Kuala Lumpur. Manufactured according to international specifications, the facilities provide an all-weather playing surface for the national youth teams and other youth teams at the national football academy in Kuala Lumpur as well as for visiting teams.

Financing of Goal project

Project

Floodlit artificial pitch of international dimensions in Kuala Lumpur

Project approved on

3 December 2006

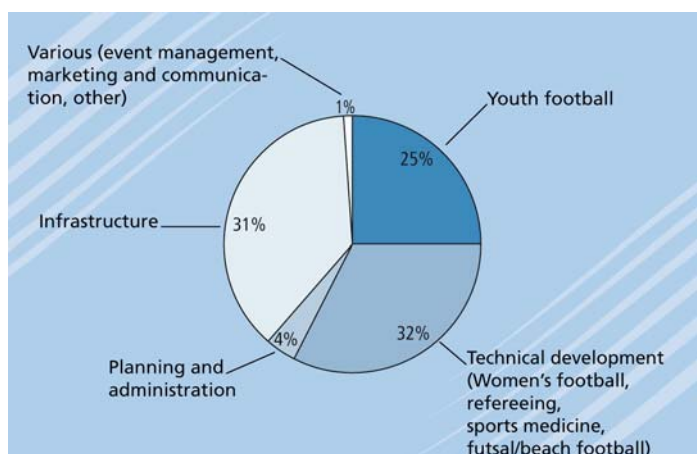
Status

Implementation

Financed by

Goal	USD	400,000
Association	USD	150,000
Total cost	USD	550,000

Use of FAP funds



Football education and courses

	No of courses until 1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
FUTURO III regional courses																					
Refereeing (men and women)															●						
Coaching (men)																			●		
Coaching (women)																					
Administration and management																	●				
Football medicine																		●	●		
Seminars																					
Women's football																				●	
Futsal																		●			
Com-Unity																					
MA Seminars																					
MA courses																					
Administration																					
Refereeing (men and women)			●	●		●	●							●			●		●		
Coaching (men and women)														●		●		●			
Beach soccer																					
Futsal																			●		
Olympic solidarity coaching courses		●					●														
Development courses and academies (1975 - 1990)	2			●																	
FUTURO I-II courses for all football branches																					

●: Course host country □: Course participant in another country

Women's football

When, in 1995, today's FIFA President said "The future of football is feminine", it was more than mere lip service. It reflected a strong belief in the huge potential that women's football has to develop. Ever since, FIFA has given targeted support for the efforts of associations who offer women the same opportunities to develop as male players. Launched in 1998, FIFA's Financial Assistance Programme (FAP) introduced a requirement in 2004 for the associations and confederations to invest at least 4% of their FAP funding into women's football. This threshold was increased to 10% in 2005. On top of this commitment, FIFA also promotes the women's game in more general ways by directly financing women's matches and organising competitions and symposiums. Thanks to its development programmes, FIFA is also playing an active role in the training of administrators, coaches, referees and sports doctors.



The Malaysia women's senior national team

Does an organised women's football set-up exist?	yes
If so, since when?	1960
From which age on, players are registered?	14
Women's teams (open or over 16 years)	30
Women's teams (below 16 years, youth)	n/a
National competition (or women's league)	yes
Regional competitions	yes
University competitions	no
School competitions	no
Futsal competitions	n/a
National "A" team	yes
National youth teams: age categories	U-15, U-17



Training session with promising football talent